S. 1347

To establish a Congressional Trade Office.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

August 2, 2001

Mr. BAUCUS (for himself and Mr. BYRD) introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on Governmental Affairs

A BILL

To establish a Congressional Trade Office.

1	Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
2	tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
3	SECTION 1. FINDINGS.
4	Congress makes the following findings:
5	(1) Congress has responsibility under the Con-
6	stitution for international commerce.
7	(2) Congressional oversight of trade policy has
8	often been hampered by a lack of resources.
9	(3) The United States has entered into numer-
10	ous trade agreements with foreign trading partners,
11	including bilateral, regional, and multilateral agree-
12	ments.

1	(4) The purposes of the trade agreements are—
2	(A) to achieve a more open world trading
3	system which provides mutually advantageous
4	market opportunities for trade between the
5	United States and foreign countries;
6	(B) to facilitate the opening of foreign
7	country markets to exports of the United States
8	and other countries by eliminating trade bar-
9	riers and increasing the access of United States
10	industry and the industry of other countries to
11	such markets; and
12	(C) to reduce diversion of third country ex-
13	ports to the United States because of restricted
14	market access in foreign countries.
15	(5) Foreign country performance under certain
16	agreements has been less than contemplated, and in
17	some cases rises to the level of noncompliance.
18	(6) The credibility of, and support for, the
19	United States Government's trade policy is, to a sig-
20	nificant extent, a function of the belief that trade
21	agreements made are trade agreements enforced.
22	(7) The accession of the People's Republic of
23	China to the World Trade Organization will create
24	unprecedented challenges and it is important to the

world trading system that China comply with the

1	numerous and significant commitments China makes
2	as part of the accession process. Congress must play
3	a key role in ensuring full and continuous moni-
4	toring of the People's Republic of China's compli-
5	ance with its commitments.
6	SEC. 2. ESTABLISHMENT OF OFFICE.
7	(a) In General.—There is established an office in
8	Congress to be known as the Congressional Trade Office
9	(in this Act referred to as the "Office").
10	(b) Purposes.—The purposes of the Office are as
11	follows:
12	(1) To reassert the constitutional responsibility
13	of Congress with respect to international trade.
14	(2) To provide Congress with additional inde-
15	pendent, nonpartisan, neutral trade expertise.
16	(3) To assist Congress in providing more effec-
17	tive and active oversight of trade policy.
18	(4) To assist Congress in providing to the exec-
19	utive branch more effective direction on trade policy.
20	(5) To provide Congress with long-term, institu-
21	tional memory on trade issues.
22	(6) To provide Congress with more analytical
23	capability on trade issues.
24	(7) To advise relevant committees on the im-
25	pact of trade negotiations, including past, ongoing,

1	and future negotiations, with respect to the areas of
2	jurisdiction of the respective committees.
3	(c) Functions.—The functions of the Office are as
4	follows:
5	(1) Assistance to congress.—Provide the
6	appropriate committees of Congress or joint commit-
7	tees of Congress information which will assist the
8	committees in the discharge of the matters within
9	their jurisdiction.
10	(2) Monitor compliance.—Monitor compli-
11	ance with major bilateral, regional, and multilateral
12	trade agreements by—
13	(A) consulting with the affected industries
14	and interested parties;
15	(B) analyzing the success of those agree-
16	ments based on commercial results;
17	(C) recommending actions, including legis-
18	lative action, necessary to ensure that foreign
19	countries that have made commitments through
20	those agreements with the United States fully
21	abide by their commitments;
22	(D) annually assessing the extent to which
23	those agreements comply with environmental
24	goals; and

1	(E) annually assessing the extent to which
2	those agreements comply with labor goals.
3	(3) Analysis.—
4	(A) In general.—Perform the following
5	analyses:
6	(i) Not later than 90 days after the
7	date the Trade Policy Agenda is delivered
8	to Congress each year, analyze the Admin-
9	istration's Agenda, including alternative
10	goals, strategies, and tactics, as appro-
11	priate.
12	(ii) Not later than 90 days after the
13	date the National Trade Estimates report
14	is delivered to Congress each year, analyze
15	the major outstanding trade barriers based
16	on cost to the United States economy.
17	(iii) Analyze the trade accounts, in-
18	cluding the global current account, global
19	trade account, and key bilateral trade ac-
20	counts.
21	(B) Analysis requested by com-
22	MITTEE.—Perform analyses as directed by any
23	committee which will assist the committee in
24	the discharge of the matters within the commit-
25	tee's jurisdiction.

1	(4) Dispute settlement deliberations.—
2	Perform the following functions with respect to dis-
3	pute resolution:
4	(A) Participate as observers on the United
5	States delegation at dispute settlement panel
6	meetings of the World Trade Organization.
7	(B) Evaluate the results obtained by the
8	United States in dispute settlement at the
9	World Trade Organization, including the com-
10	mercial results.
11	(C) Evaluate the results obtained by the
12	United States in dispute settlement under the
13	North American Free Trade Agreement, includ-
14	ing the commercial results.
15	(5) Participation in trade negotiations.—
16	Participate as observers in selected bilateral, re-
17	gional, and multilateral trade negotiations.
18	(6) Other functions of the office.—
19	(A) Provide the Committee on Finance and
20	the Committee on Ways and Means with quar-
21	terly reports regarding the activities of the Of-
22	fice.
23	(B) Be available for consultation with con-
24	gressional committees on trade-related legisla-
25	tion

- 1 (C) Receive and review classified informa-2 tion and participate in classified briefings in the 3 same manner as the staff of the Committee on 4 Finance and the Committee on Ways and 5 Means.
 - (D) Consult nongovernmental experts and utilize nongovernmental resources.
 - (E) Perform such other functions as the Chairman and Ranking Member of the Committee on Finance and the Chairman and Ranking Member of the Committee on Ways and Means may request.

(d) DIRECTOR AND STAFF.—

(1) Director.—

(A) IN GENERAL.—The Office shall be headed by a Director. The Director shall be appointed by the Speaker of the House of Representatives and the President pro tempore of the Senate after considering the recommendations of the Chairman and Ranking Member of the Committee on Finance of the Senate and the Chairman and Ranking Member of the Committee on Ways and Means of the House of Representative. The Director shall be chosen without regard to political affiliation and solely

- on the basis of the Director's expertise and fitness to perform the duties of the Director.
 - (B) Term.—The term of office of the Director shall be 5 years and the Director may be reappointed for subsequent terms.
 - (C) Vacancy.—Any individual appointed to fill a vacancy prior to the expiration of a term shall serve only for the unexpired portion of that term.
 - (D) Removal.—The Director may be removed by either House by resolution.
 - (E) Compensation.—The Director shall receive compensation at a per annum gross rate equal to the rate of basic pay, as in effect from time to time, for level III of the Executive Schedule in section 5314 of title 5, United States Code.

(2) Staff.—

(A) IN GENERAL.—The Director shall appoint and fix the compensation of such personnel as may be necessary to carry out the duties and functions of the Office. All personnel shall be appointed without regard to political affiliation and solely on the basis of their fitness to perform their duties. The personnel of

- the Office shall consist of individuals with expertise in international trade, including expertise in economics, trade law, various industrial sectors, and various geographical regions.
 - (B) BENEFITS.—For purposes of pay (other than the pay of the Director) and employment, benefits, rights and privilege, all personnel of the Office shall be treated as if they were employees of the House of Representatives.
 - (3) EXPERTS AND CONSULTANTS.—In carrying out the duties and functions of the Office, the Director may procure the temporary (not to exceed 1 year) or intermittent services of experts or consultants or organizations thereof by contract as independent contractors, or, in the case of individual experts or consultants, by employment at rates of pay not in excess of the daily equivalent of the highest rate of basic pay payable under the General Schedule of section 5332 of title 5.
 - (4) Relationship to executive branch.—
 The Director is authorized to secure information,
 data, estimates, and statistics directly from the various departments, agencies, and establishments of
 the executive branch of Government and the regu-

1 latory agencies and commissions of the Government. 2

All such departments, agencies, establishments, and regulatory agencies and commissions shall furnish the Director any available material which he determines to be necessary in the performance of his duties and functions (other than material the disclosure of which would be a violation of law). The Director is also authorized, upon agreement with the head of any such department, agency, establishment, or regulatory agency or commission, to utilize its services and facilities with or without reimbursement; and the head of each such department, agency, establishment, or regulatory agency or commission is authorized to provide the Office such services

(5) Relationship to other agencies of CONGRESS.—In carrying out the duties and functions of the Office, and for the purpose of coordinating the operations of the Office with those of other congressional agencies with a view to utilizing most effectively the information, services, and capabilities of all such agencies in carrying out the various responsibilities assigned to each, the Director is authorized to obtain information, data, estimates, and statistics developed by the General Accounting

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and facilities.

- 1 Office, the Library of Congress, and other offices of
- 2 Congress, and (upon agreement with them) to utilize
- 3 their services and facilities with or without reim-
- 4 bursement. The Comptroller General, the Librarian
- 5 of Congress, and the head of other offices of Con-
- 6 gress are authorized to provide the Office with the
- 7 information, data estimates, and statistics, and the
- 8 services and facilities referred to in the preceding
- 9 sentence.

10 SEC. 3. PUBLIC ACCESS TO DATA.

- 11 (a) Right To Copy.—Except as provided in sub-
- 12 sections (b) and (c), the Director shall make all informa-
- 13 tion, data, estimates, and statistics obtained under this
- 14 Act available for public copying during normal business
- 15 hours, subject to reasonable rules and regulations, and
- 16 shall to the extent practicable, at the request of any per-
- 17 son, furnish a copy of any such information, data, esti-
- 18 mates, or statistics upon payment by such person of the
- 19 cost of making and furnishing such copy.
- 20 (b) Exceptions.—Subsection (a) of this section
- 21 shall not apply to information, data, estimates, and
- 22 statistics—
- 23 (1) which are specifically exempted from disclo-
- sure by law; or

1	(2) which the Director determines will
2	disclose—
3	(A) matters necessary to be kept secret in
4	the interests of national defense or the con-
5	fidential conduct of the foreign relations of the
6	United States;
7	(B) information relating to trade secrets or
8	financial or commercial information pertaining
9	specifically to a given person if the information
10	has been obtained by the Government on a con-
11	fidential basis, other than through an applica-
12	tion by such person for a specific financial or
13	other benefit, and is required to be kept secret
14	in order to prevent undue injury to the competi-
15	tive position of such person; or
16	(C) personnel or medical data or similar
17	data the disclosure of which would constitute a
18	clearly unwarranted invasion of personal pri-
19	vacy;
20	unless the portions containing such matters, information,
21	or data have been excised.
22	(c) Information Obtained for Committees and
23	Members.—Subsection (a) of this section shall apply to
24	any information, data, estimates, and statistics obtained
25	at the request of any committee, joint committee, or Mem-

- 1 ber unless such committee, joint committee, or Member
- 2 has instructed the Director not to make such information,
- 3 data, estimates, or statistics available for public copying.

4 SEC. 4. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.

- 5 There are authorized to be appropriated to the Office
- 6 for each fiscal year such sums as may be necessary to en-
- 7 able it to carry out its duties and functions. Until sums
- 8 are first appropriated pursuant to the preceding sentence,
- 9 for a period not to exceed 12 months following the effec-
- 10 tive date of this section, the expenses of the Office shall
- 11 be paid from the contingent fund of the Senate, in accord-
- 12 ance with the provisions of the paragraph relating to con-
- 13 tingent funds under the heading "UNDER LEGISLA-
- 14 TIVE" in the Act of October 2, 1888 (25 Stat. 546; 2
- 15 U.S.C. 68), and upon vouchers approved by the Director.

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